I. TENT COOPERATION TREA. Y

From	the	INT	FRN	ΔΤΙ	ON.	Δi	RUR	FΔI	ı
LIOHI	HIE	11.4	EUIA	\sim 1 I		ᇺ	חטם		J

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the	INTERN	IATIONAL	BUREAL
----------	--------	----------	--------

To:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office **Box PCT** Washington, D.C.20231 **ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE**

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21 June 2000 (21 06 00)

CANNING, John

in its capacity as elected Office

21 June 2000 (21.00.00)		
International application No. PCT/AU99/01001	Applicant's or agent's file reference IHA: FP11654	
International filing date (day/month/year) 12 November 1999 (12.11.99)	Priority date (day/month/year) 12 November 1998 (12.11.98)	
Applicant		

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	31 May 2000 (31.05.00)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
2.	The election X was was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

Nestor Santesso

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

PATENT COOPERATION TREA PCT

REC'D (3 AUJ 2000)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Applicant's or agent's file reference MHK:SY:FP11654	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).				
International application No.	International filing date	date (day/month/year) Priority Date (day/month/year)				
PCT/AU99/01001	12 November 1999		12 November 1998			
International Patent Classification (IPC	or national classificatio	n and IPC				
Int. Cl. ⁷ G02B 6/43 H01S 3/0933						
Applicant The University of Sydney et	: al					
						
 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 						
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 3 sheets, including this cover sheet.						
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).						
These annexes consist of a total	al of sheet(s).					
3. This report contains indications relati	ing to the following item	s:				
I X Basis of the repor	t					
II Priority						
III Non-establishmer	nt of opinion with regard	to novelty, inventive	step and industrial applicability			
IV Lack of unity of in	nvention					
	ent under Article 35(2) wanations supporting such		inventive step or industrial applicability;			
VI Certain document	s cited					
VII Certain defects in	the international applica	ation				
VIII Certain observation	ons on the international a	pplication				
Date of submission of the demand 31 May 2000		ite of completion of th	e report			
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU	Au	thorized Officer				
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTI E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au	RALIA F.	C.PEARSON	to the second of			
Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929	Te	Telephone No. (02) 6283 2195				

International application No.

PCT/AU99/01001

Ĺ.		Basis of the report	
1.	With	regard to the eleme	nts of the international application:*
	X	the international a	oplication as originally filed.
		the description,	pages , as originally filed,
			pages, filed with the demand,
			pages, received on with the letter of
		the claims,	pages , as originally filed,
			pages , as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,
			pages , filed with the demand,
			pages, received on with the letter of
	Ш	the drawings,	pages , as originally filed,
			pages , filed with the demand,
			pages, received on with the letter of
	Ш	the sequence listing	g part of the description:
			pages , as originally filed
		-	pages , filed with the demand
			pages , received on with the letter of
2.	whicl	n the international ap	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in oplication was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. lable or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:
			ranslation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of pub	plication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of the and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2
3.		regard to any nucleo quence listing:	otide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, was on the basis of
		contained in the int	ernational application in written form.
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subseque	ntly to this Authority in written form.
		furnished subseque	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.
			the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the ation as filed has been furnished.
		The statement that been furnished	the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has
١.		The amendments ha	ave resulted in the cancellation of:
		the descripti	on, pages
		the claims,	Nos.
		the drawings	s, sheets/fig.
i.		to go beyond the dis	n established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered sclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**
•	Replac	cement sheets which ha	ve been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this
			nd are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

PCT/AU99/01001

	V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
1		citations and explanations supporting such statement

			
1.	Statement		-
	Novelty (N)	Claims 1-8	YES
		Claims	NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-8	YES
		Claims	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-8	YES
		Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Novelty (N) and Inventive Step (IS)

The only independent claim is claim 1which is directed to a laser system wherein an array of diodes pumps a plurality of lasing waveguides. Other claims add extra features to claim 1. This is not disclosed in the prior art (apart from EP 0893719, which however was published after the earliest priority date).

Consequently the claims are novel and inventive.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
ΑT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
ΑZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

WO 00/29891 PCT/AU99/01001

- 1 -

The present invention relates to diode pumped laser systems.

5 Background of the Invention

10

15

20

25

30

35

Diode pumped solid-state crystal lasers are becoming increasingly popular due to their compact nature and high output power characteristics.

However, for optical signal processing applications it is desirable to utilise pumped waveguides to produce a laser output rather than solid-state crystal lasers, which are more difficult to incorporate into e.g. optical integrated circuits.

Suitable waveguides include e.g. doped cores of optical fibres or doped planar waveguide structures.

Such waveguides, i.e. those which are capable of producing a laser output upon pumping with a pump energy, presently require an efficient coupling of the pump energy light signal into e.g. the doped core of the optical fibre via the fibre cladding.

To minimise coupling losses various coupling techniques have been suggested, however, it is a common feature that they do require additional components/ structures which need to be integrated into e.g. the optical integrated circuit, thereby resulting in more complex and less compact designs.

Furthermore, typically individual sources of the pump energy light signals are required for each waveguide to be pumped, the sources being individually coupled to the respective waveguides.

Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a laser system comprising: at least one array of closely spaced diodes arranged to emit radiant pump energy, and a plurality of waveguides spaced adjacent the array, each waveguide being arranged to lase upon exposure to the radiant pump energy emitted from the diodes.

WO 00/29891 PCT/AU99/01001

- 2 -

A single diode array is thus utilised as a single source for the pumping of multiple waveguides at one time, without a requirement for individual coupling means.

The waveguides may be arranged to lase at different frequencies. This can e.g. be utilised for provision of multiplexed optical signals.

The system can further include a coupler for coupling laser outputs of individual waveguides to form a combined laser output.

The system may further comprise reflection means spaced closely adjacent the waveguides and the array for reflecting the radiant pump energy emitted from the array back onto the waveguides.

The plurality of waveguides can comprise a series of optical fibres or of planar waveguides.

The waveguides may form a multi-mode interference device.

The waveguides can be formed as part of a multimode waveguide structure which can be interconnected to a single mode waveguide.

Brief Description of the Drawings

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Notwithstanding any other forms which may fall within the scope of the present invention, preferred forms of the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1 illustrated a first example embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 illustrates a second example embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 3 illustrates a third example embodiment;

Fig. 4 illustrates a fourth example embodiment;

Fig. 5 illustrates utilisation of the principle of the present invention in a multi-mode interference device; and

Fig. 6 illustrates a further embodiment of the present invention

Description of Preferred and Other Embodiments

In Fig. 1, there is illustrated a first example embodiment 1 of the present invention. In this embodiment, a series or bundle waveguides in the form of distributed feedback (DFB) fibre lasers 2, which can include tuned Bragg grating structures to provide for particular frequency characteristics, are pumped by a diode bar 3. In the example, 32 DFB lasers are assumed to be provided. course, alternative arrangements are possible for example, the fibres could be more spaced apart and form a single layer on the diode bar. Obviously, many different slacking 10 arrangements are possible. The diode bar 3 acts as a high intensity pump which causes the DFB lasers to lase. fibres are attached together by a 32 to 1 splitter 6 so as to provide output 7 having multiple combined frequency 15 channels.

The principles of Fig. 1 can be extended to other waveguide systems. For example, in Fig. 2, there is illustrated a waveguide system wherein a diode bar 10 is placed upon a waveguide 11 on which a series of DFB lasers 12 are formed in the core. The diode bar 10 is utilised to pump the DFB lasers 12 to provide for outputs 13.

20

25

30

35

Other arrangements are possible as illustrated in Fig. 3 wherein a waveguide 20 is provided on a substrate 21 and a diode bar 22 is provided for pumping the waveguide 20. The diode bar 22 is inclined with respect to the substrate 21 so that pumping wavelength energy is reflected by the substrate 21 and in turn by a reflector 24 so as to provide for enhanced operational characteristics. The pumping causes the waveguide 20 to laze so as to produce output 25.

In Fig. 4, there is illustrated an alternative arrangement where the diode bar 30 is placed at one end of the substrate 31 which includes a series of DFB waveguides 32 placed therein. The diode bar 30 is utilised to cause the DFB lasers to laze 32 so as to produce output 33.

The arrangements of Fig. $1\,$ - $4\,$ provide for an inexpensive form of arrangement of diode pumping of

WO 00/29891 PCT/AU99/01001

- 1 -

multiple waveguides simultaneously. This has significant advantage when constructing laser devices or other large area pumping of active waveguides. An example of its application is in the field of multi-mode interference devices. These devices can be, as illustrated in Fig. 5, formed on a waveguide 40 and include a series of active waveguides 41 between two couplers 42, 43. The diode bar 44 can be placed over the active portions so as to provide for large area pumping of the active waveguide portions 41 and therefore provide for different output couplings from input 46 to output 47 in accordance with requirements.

10

15

20

25

30

Turning now to Fig. 6, there is illustrated a further embodiment where a large power coupling is required for high power applications. A diode bar 50 is utilised to pump a large area multi-mode waveguide 51 which in turn is tapered into a single mode waveguide 52 so as to provide for high output power 53 pump wavelength which in turn can be utilised to pump other devices.

It would be appreciated by a person skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the present invention as shown in the specific embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention as broadly described. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects to be illustrative and not restrictive.

In the claims that follow and in the summary of the invention, except where the context requires otherwise due to express language or necessary implication, the word "comprising" is used in the sense of "including", i.e. the features specified may be associated with further features in various embodiments of the invention.

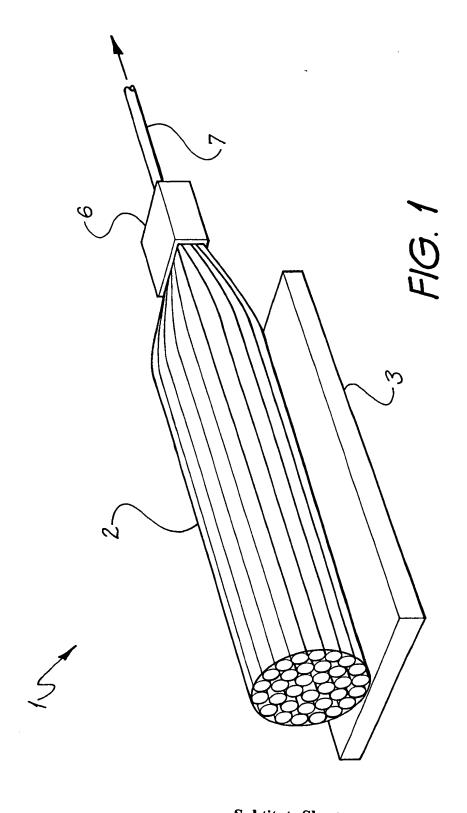
We Claim:

10

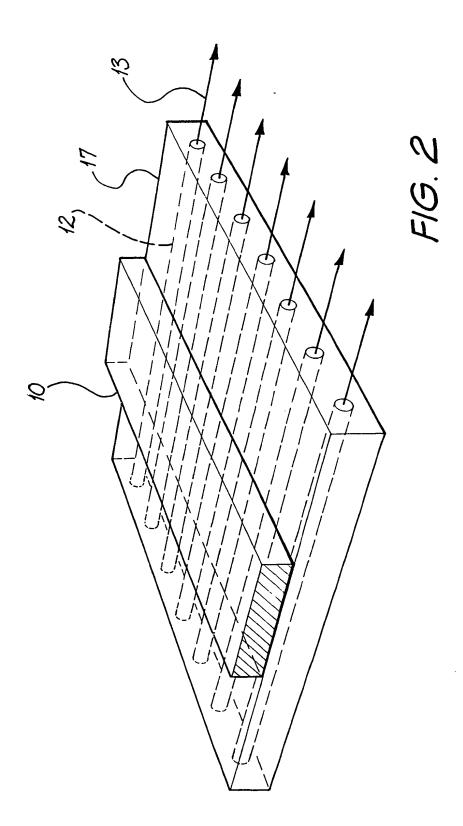
25

- 1. A laser system comprising:
- at least one array of closely spaced diodes arranged to emit radiant pump energy; and
- a plurality of waveguides spaced adjacent the array, each waveguide being arranged to lase upon exposure to the radiant pump energy emitted from the diodes.
- 2. A laser system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the waveguides are arranged to lase at different frequencies.
- 3. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the system further comprises a coupler for coupling laser outputs of individual ones of the waveguides to form a combined laser output.
- 4. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the system further comprises reflection means spaced closely adjacent the waveguides and the array for reflecting the radiant pump energy emitted from the array back onto the waveguides.
- 5. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the plurality of waveguides comprise a series of optical fibres.
 - 6. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the plurality of waveguides comprises a series of planar waveguides.
 - 7. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the waveguides form a multi-mode interference device.
- 8. A laser system as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the waveguides are be formed as part of a multimode waveguide structure which can be interconnected to a single mode waveguide.

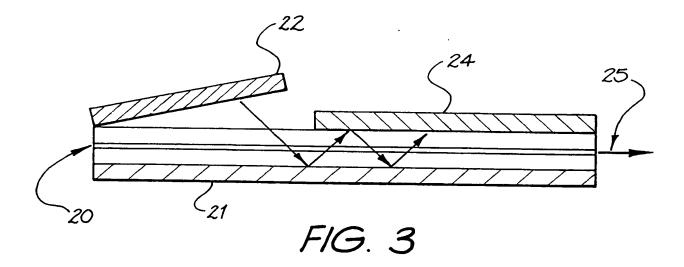
7.5

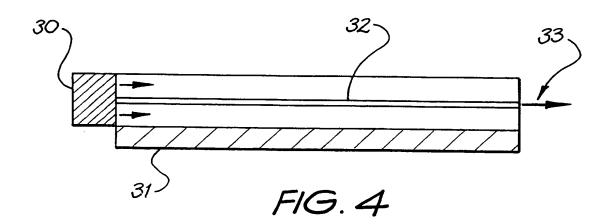


Subtitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU



Subtitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU





Subtitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

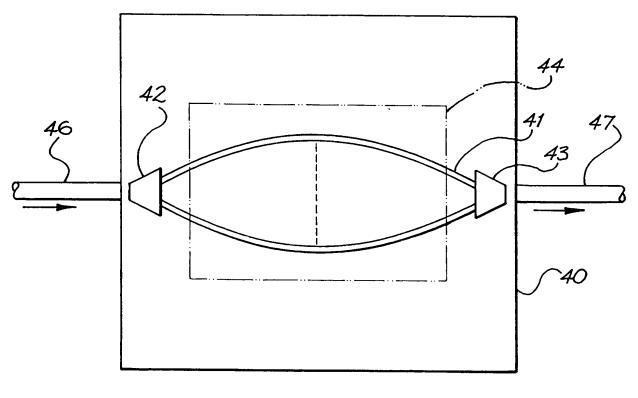


FIG. 5

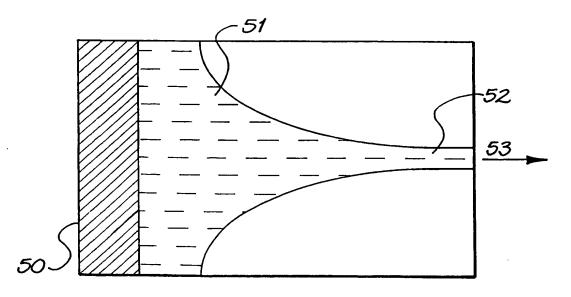


FIG. 6

Subtitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 99/01001

A.	CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER	1			
Int Cl ⁶ :	G02B 6/43 H01S 3/0933				
According to	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to bo	th national classification and IPC			
В.	FIELDS SEARCHED				
Minimum doc IPC G02B	umentation searched (classification system followed by 6/42, 6/43, H01S 3/091, 3/0915, 3/0933	classification symbols)			
Documentation AU: IPC A	n searched other than minimum documentation to the es S ABOVE	xtent that such documents are included in	the fields searched		
Electronic data WPAT JAPIO	a base consulted during the international search (name of Keywords	of data base and, where practicable, search	ı terms used)		
C.	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVAN	Т			
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where an	opropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
X,P	EP,0893719,A (LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES II document.	NC) 27 January 1999. See whole	1-8		
x	1-8				
x	US,5715270,A (ZEDIKER) 3 February 1998. S	ee whole document.	1-8		
	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	X See patent family an	nex		
Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art document member of the same patent family					
Date of the act	ual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sear	ch report		
	10 January 2000 9 JAN 2000				
AUSTRALIAN PO BOX 200, E-mail address	ling address of the ISA/AU I PATENT OFFICE WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA :: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au (02) 6285 3929	F.C.PEARSON Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2195			

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No. PCT/AU 99/01001

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Do	cument Cited in Search Report			Patent	Family Member		
EP	893719	JP	11074588	US	5887097		
wo	9638749	EP	774129	GB	2306051	US	5579422
		EP	486175	JP	5093828	US	5127068
		US	5436990				
US	5715270	AU	46461/97	wo	9813910		
							END OF ANNEX